EN / JP

JET PROGRAMME JAPANESE LANGUAGE COURSE GUIDE

5. COURSE OUTLINE LIST AND EXTRA CONTENT APPLICATIONS

Beginner / 初級 (しょきゅう)

This level is for beginners who have yet to experience learning Japanese. In these courses, you will learn N5 levels of Japanese. You will learn the basic grammar and vocabulary essential for speaking Japanese correctly.

Course: Beginner/初級(しょきゅう) - Intro Unit					
Goals	 A. Learn the rules of reading and writing hiragana. B. Learn the rules of reading and writing katakana. Learn about Japanese accents. C. Learn the basics of Chinese characters. D. Learn characteristics of Japanese and the basics of Japanese grammar. Learn basic greetings and expressions that are the minimum necessary for day-to-day life. 	knowled	 Hiragana gojuuon (fifty-sound syllabary), voiced sounds, P-sounds, stretched sounds, contracted sounds Katakana gojuuon (fifty-sound syllabary), voiced sounds, P-sounds, stretched sounds, contracted sounds Kanji categories (e.g., stretched sounds) 		
e.g.	• Good morning. • It is rainy today.	Language	 pictograms), onyomi (Chinese reading), kunyomi (Japanese reading) Part of speech of Japanese, sentence structure System of expressions of treatment 		

Οοι	Course: Beginner/初級(しょきゆう) - Unit 1					
Goals	 Greet people in Japanese. Ask and answer about where a person went. Participate in a question-and-answer conversation. Describe things in a basic manner. Briefly describe yourself and things that you have. Make a simple self-introduction that is suitable for the people and place concerned. 	guage knowledge	 Verb conjugation Basic simple sentences Adjective conjugation Questions and answers Conjugation of Na Ni De No adjective nouns Modification of a noun Inner / outer – personal 			
e.g.	Where did you go this morning?I came from Brazil.	Lai	expressions (expressions of treatment)			

Соι	Course: Beginner/初級(しょきゅう) - Unit 2					
Goals	 Understand the place where an action takes place. Say and understand the place to get on and off public transport Talk about things you like and things you like to do. Go shopping and order at a restaurant. Understand the prices. Ask for the time. Understand the time indicated. 	juage knowledge	 Usage of 「で」(de), a relational particle Suru-meishi (Verbal nouns) Pronoun 「の」 (no) Relational particles, selective particles and information particles Expressions to count items Amount of money 			
	 I like tennis and volleyball. I'd like to have a cake and coffee, please. 		Expression of time			

Соι	Course: Beginner/初級(しょきゅう) - Unit 3					
Goals	 9. Talk about what you can do. 10. Ask somebody to do something. Understand what you are asked to do. 11. Communicate your wish and invite someone. 12. Ask someone if they have something or if a store has a particular item in stock. Understand general notices of events. 	knowledge	 Verb groups and potential form of each verb. te-form and naide-form of verbs 「こそあど」(kosoado) to indicate a place. te-form and naide-form of verbs 「こそあど」(kosoado) to indicate a 			
e.g.	 I can speak English. I want to buy a PC 	Га	place. • Adjective component「たい」(<i>tai,</i> 'want to') • Various usages of the verb「ある」 (<i>aru</i> , 'there is')			

Course: Beginner/初級(しょきゅう) - Unit 4						
Goals	 13. Tell someone that you will be absent by phone. Describe your health condition in a simple manner. Understand messages made using the 「そうです」(I heard) expression. 14. Talk about your current situation or daily routines. Answer and ask where you or another live(s). 15. Ask whether someone knows something. Answer and ask whether you or someone else has experienced something. 16. Describe something that you like. Ask someone about what they can do. 	ge knowledge	 「ので」 (as or so), a conjunction expressing reason and result 「そう」(sou) for reported speech Expressions to describe situation and expressions of treatment. Conjugation of the verb 「しっている」(know). Expressions to indicate experience. The adverbs 「まだ」(not yet or still) and 「もう」(already or not anymore) 			
	 I have a headache, so I will take the day off. I have been to Kyoto before. 		anymore) • Connection of adjectives and Na Ni De No adjective nouns • The expression 「ことができる」(can do)			

Cou	urse: Beginner/初級(しょきゆう) - Unit 5		
(0	17. Act after giving reasons. Try something on when shopping.	0	 Expressions to indicate degree of certainty
Goals	18. Talk about your own hopes for the future.	dge	• Compound sentence using 「から」
ğ	19. Understand simple road directions.	<u>vle</u>	 Expressions using combinations of
	20. You can handle conversations at a restaurant.	knowledge	a noun, an adjective, a verb and 「なる」(become).
	 I think I would like to become an interpreter. 		• Condition sentences using 「と」
	• Go straight ahead here.	σ	Combination of particles
e.g		anç	 Expressions to indicate purpose
			 Honorific expressions when serving a customer

Intermediate/中級(ちゅうきゅう)

The intermediate courses are for those who can have simple daily conversations in Japanese and can read and write simple Japanese. You can acquire most of the grammar necessary for daily life. In these courses, you will learn N4 levels of Japanese.

Οοι	Course : Intermediate/中級(ちゅうきゅう) - Unit 6					
Goal	 21. Describe an impression based on the appearance of things and people. 22. Ask about and describe day-to-day life. 23. Say what you have decided to do. Ask other people about their ideas and intentions. 24. Understand procedures by watching and listening to instructions or describe. 	nowledge	 Usage of 「そう」(look) to describe things Contradictory conjunctions Compound sentence using 「とき」(when) Adjective or NaNiDeNo adjective noun + suru 			
e.g.	 It looks like it's going to rain. What do you usually do on your days off? 	E'	 Compound verb 「~ていく・くる」 (and go/come) 「~ことにする」 (decide to) Modification of a verb with an adjective or NaNiDeNo adjective noun Combining two verbs Verb Types 1, 2 and 3 			

Соι	Course: Intermediate/中級(ちゅうきゅう) - Unit 7				
Goals	 25. Use expressions meaning to give and receive something. 26. Say that you give or receive something beneficial. 27. Use different verbs depending on the viewpoint. 28. Describe or explain a situation or reason by using a conjunction. Express that you did something you regret. 	knowle	 Expressions used to give and receive something Express an action of giving and receiving benefit by using a verb Particle usage Verb type 1,2,3 		
e.g.	 As for Valentine's day in Japan, girls give chocolate to boys they like. I overslept, so I was late. 	Languag	 Usages of resultative additive conjunction and additive conjunctions. 「~てしまう」(…teshimau), a compound verb 		

Сог	Course: Intermediate/中級(ちゅうきゅう) - Unit 8					
	29. Understand rules concerning what you can or cannot do. Talk about a plan.		 Expressions of obligation and prohibition 			
oal	30. Describe the status of an object. Compare two things and express the difference.	ledge	 Expressions concerning plans and decisions 			
G	 Understand expressions used to make specific requests and ask someone to do something. 	knowledge	• How to use the adjective 「ほしい」 (hoshii)			
	32. Give advice depending on the situation.	ge	 How to use verb stems 			
	 Because I have an exam next week, I should study this weekend. If you have a headache, you had better leave early. 	Lang	• Usage of 「なら」(if), a particle used when making comments about something • 「~ほうがいい」(had better…), a			
			fixed expression			

C	Course: Intermediate/中級(ちゅうきゅう) - Unit 9				
		33. Talk about future plans or a schedule.	ge	 Volitional form of verb 	Ì
	S	34. Explain a situation.	eq	Compound of verb	
	<	35. Understand subjunctive and conditional sentences.		aspect expression	
	U	36. Describe a reason or cause contributing to a certain	포	 Conditional sentences 	
		situation.	ge	• Usage of the particle「て」(<i>te</i>),	
		 I think I will swim, take photos, and do other things. 	Jua	representing a reason	
	e.g.	 We are just going for a meal now. 	angua	• Usage of 「のに」(<i>noni</i>), a	
	-	How about joining us?	Ľ	contradictory conjunction	

Οοι	Course: Intermediate/中級(ちゅうきゅう) - Unit 10					
Goals	 37. Passive sentences, expressions of treatments and compound sentences. 38. Understand polite expressions used for customers and business scenes. 39. Explain the status or situation. 40. Express your gratitude to someone who helped you. 	knowledge	 Passive verb form and passive sentence Modify nouns Treatment expressions Compound sentence including an interrogative 			
e.g.	 Please write your name and address here. Because of good support of Tanaka, I passed the exam. 	ge	 How to use 「~じゆう」(throughout) How to use 「~すぎる」(too) Usages of the nouns 「ため」 (tame),「おかげ」(okage) and 「せい」(sei). Adjective component 「らしい」 (seems) 			

Со	Course: Intermediate/中級(ちゅうきゅう) - Unit 11						
Goals	 41. Understand a series of instructions in daily life. 42. Tell or ask others about what you need. 43. Describe situations in daily life with some details. 44. Talk about your current situations and future plans. 	vledge	 Expressions to describe a series of sequential activities Before and after in temporal and spatial senses How to use 「ちゅう」(chuu) 				
e.g.	 We can sometimes see Mt. Fuji on sunny days. I'm going to make my own company in the future. 	anguage	 Fixed expressions to indicate addition Fixed expressions to describe situations and changes Expletive nouns 「つもり」(tsumori), 「の」(no) and 「こと」(koto) 				

Advanced/上級(じょうきゅう)

These courses help you to acquire appropriate communication skills in various situations. You will learn expressions and phrasings appropriate to the situation and relationship by incorporating visual explanations of sentence structure. There are plenty of columns to deepen your understanding of Japanese society and culture, and you will also have reading and listening training. In these courses, you will learn N3 levels of Japanese.

Note: The advanced course does not include English explanations.

Οοι	ırse: Advanced/上級(じょうきゅう) - Unit 1		
	 Greet someone you meet for the first time appropriately in Japanese. 	gg	 Usage of intransitive and transitive verbs
als	2. Describe yourself in detail.	<u>vle</u>	Differences in the usages of the
Goals	 Understand someone who has contacted you and ask questions if you need help understanding something. 	e knowle	particles「に」(<i>ni</i>) and「で」(<i>de</i>) • Summary of various hearsay
	4. Accept or decline when someone asks to do something.	uag	expressions •「~たい」(<i>tai</i>) and「~てほし
	 Watching Japanese anime during my childhood led to my 	anguage	い」(<i>te hoshii</i>) ('want to' and
e.	interest in Japan.	Ľ	'want someone else to')

Co	urse: Advanced/上級(じょうきゅう) - Unit 2	
S	5. Understand and respond to expressions used on public transportation.	• Expressions of prediction • 「まで/までに」(<i>made/made ni</i>)
Goals	6. Get the information you need in multiple places.	ອັ Use of the particles 「の」 (<i>no</i>)
Ū	7. Express what you want and ask for advice when shopping.	Use of the particles $\begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{O} \end{bmatrix}$ (no) and $\begin{bmatrix} I \\ \Box \end{bmatrix}$ (ni)
	8. Describe your belongings in detail.	
	Welcome. Are you looking for something?)
	• I'd like to give my friend a gift for childbirth.	
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		ー かり」(tebakari)

Οοι	irse: Advanced/上級(じょうきゅう) - Unit 3		
	 Go out to eat with Japanese friends and enjoy interacting with them. Understand Japanese manners and customs and visit a Japanese person's home. 	ledge	• Various usage of 「はず」(<i>hazu</i>) • Expressions of the causative form of verbs • Expressions of the passive form of
	 11. Respond when you invite or are invited by a friend. 12. Communicate by expressing your opinions and thoughts and listening to the other person's opinion. 	guage I	verbs • Expressions of the causative- passive form of verbs
e.g	Have you had okonomiyaki?I like watching movies and listening to music.	Lan	

Course: Advanced/上級(じょうきゅう) – Unit 4

	13. See a doctor and receive medicine in Japanese when sick.		 Differences in the usages of
	14. Get a haircut using Japanese.	ge	「と」(<i>to</i>),「ば」(<i>ba</i>), and「た
als	15. Use Japanese to solve problems when you do not know	ed	ら」(tara)
Goals	something in daily life.	knowledge	• Differences in the usages of 「 す
	16. Respond politely in Japanese when carelessness or failure	ž	る」(to do) and「なる」(to
	is pointed out.	ge	become)
	What seems to be the problem today?	na	• Usage of「こと」(thing) and
	 I have a slight fever and think I caught a cold. 	Lang	「の」(thing)
e.	• I have a slight level and think I caught a cold.	Г Г	 Expressions of commands and
			prohibitions

Οοι	urse: Advanced/上級(じょうきゆう) – Unit 5		
ioals	 Go to public institutions and behave appropriately. Be informed by the news and share it with your friends. Participate in local events and socialise. Experience and ask questions about traditional Japanese culture. 	uage Iedne	 Honorific expressions (Inner / outer – personal expressions) Expressions that indicate the time Expressions that indicate reasons Expressions that used 「もの」 (mono)
	 I'd like to make an account. It seems that a typhoon is coming this weekend. 		()

Course: Advanced/上級(じょうきゅう) - Unit 6

000			
	21. Consult with friends and make travel plans.		 The type of adverbs and how to
S	22. Travel by public transportation.	dge	use them
Goals	23. Research the places you want to visit and go sightseeing.	<u>v</u>	• Expressions that indicate personal intentions and plans.
0	24. Ask a store clerk questions and interact with strangers while traveling.	- - -	 Differences in the usages of passive form, causative form, and
	• I'd like to go somewhere I can see traditional Japanese things.	uage	causative-passive form
ö	• If you go straight down here, you'll arrive at the ticket gates for	ngı	 Sentences using the long
e.	the bullet train.	La	form(polite form) and short
			form(plain form)

Extra Content (Register as Courses)

Beginning in 2024, the Japanese Course will feature the following additional registration options: 'Speaking Practice with Al', 'JLPT Practice Questions', and 'Live Review Lessons'. 'Speaking Practice with Al' is designed to further enrollees' speaking skills by having an AI assistant score the accuracy of example sentences read aloud, assessing the clarity of each word. 'JLPT Practice Questions' will allow participants to practice questions in JLPT format matching the contents of the N5, N4, and N3 levels.

Сог	urse: Speaking Practice with AI (Beginner)		
Goals	 Correctly pronounce sentences from example scenes from the Beginner Course 	ıguage wledge	 Refer to language knowledge for Intro Unit–Unit 5 (Beginner Course)
e.g.	• Refer to language knowledge for Intro Unit–Unit 5 (Beginner Course)	Lar Kno	

Сог	urse: Speaking Practice with AI (Intermediate)		
Goals	 Correctly pronounce sentences from example scenes from the Intermediate Course 	guage wledge	 Refer to language knowledge for Unit 6–Unit 11 (Intermediate Course)
e.g.	• Refer to language knowledge for Unit 6–Unit 11 (Intermediate Course)	Lan Kno	

Cou	urse: Speaking Practice with AI (Advanced)		
Goals	 Correctly pronounce sentences from example scenes from the Intermediate Course 	guage wledge	• Refer to language knowledge for Unit 1–Unit 6 (Advanced Course)
e.g.	• Refer to language knowledge for Unit 1–Unit 6 (Advanced Course)	Lan Knov	

Course ... II PT Practice Questions (N5)

oou	
t	 Practice questions for the N5 level of the Japanese Language Proficiency Test
ten	• Problems on language knowledge (characters, vocabulary), grammar knowledge, and reading
ū	comprehension
ŏ	 Useful for those aiming to take the N5 test

Course: JLPT Practice Questions (N4)

	 Practice questions for the N4 level of the Japanese Language Proficiency Test Problems on language knowledge (characters, vocabulary), grammar knowledge, and reading comprehension Useful for those aiming to take the N4 test
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Course: JLPT Practice Questions (N3)

- Content • Problems on language knowledge (characters, vocabulary), grammar knowledge, and reading
 - comprehension
 - Useful for those aiming to take the N3 test

Course: Live Review Lesson

escription	 Chance to review each unit of content with a Japanese teacher online, available to those who have completed the given unit
	 Select review sessions you plan on attending from the course application window
	• Please complete the relevant unit by the session date. Completion status will be checked prior to
	 It is not possible to join a session after the signup date has passed.
	 Sessions are limited to thirty attendees, first come first served.